



تجميع أسئلة ميد الفزيولوجي

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1. All the followings with regard to transport modalities across plasma membranes are true except

ans: passive transport system move substances against their concentration gradient

2. All the followings are considered as active modalities of transport except

asn: transport of steroid hormones

3. Which of the following is required to perform the exchange of Na^+ with Ca^{++} by counter transport

ans: concentration gradient of Na^+ across membrane and specialized carrier for exchange

4. Which of the following are transported by vesicular transport

ans: long peptides

5. One of the following requires indirect consumption of ATP

ans: secondary active counter transport

6. One of the followings is required for facilitated diffusion

ans: concentration gradient for transported substance

7. Which of the following solutions is having the highest osmolarity
ans: 150 mM CaCl₂
8. Something about depolarization of a membrane
Ans: I think it was increased conductance to Na⁺ and blocking Na⁺/K⁺ pump
9. About the relative refractory period
ans: when Na⁺ channels are closed and not capable for opening
10. About the best description about the overshoot
ans: it was easy and the answer was all of the above
11. The highest electrical driving force for Cl⁻
ans: the overshoot
12. The arrangement of events during synaptic transmission (an easy one)
13. Exocytosis at nerve terminals
ans :increasing Ca⁺⁺ concentration in terminals
14. All of the following are true about post synaptic potentials except
ans: more negative potentials than E_K

15. Something wrong about Na^+ channels
ans: voltage dependent channels are activating at a slower rate than K^+ channels
16. The best description about the salutatory conduction
ans: faster than continuous
17. Diabetes insipidus decreased ADH release –more urination what happens to interstitial fluid
ans: hypertonic and hypovolemic
18. Hyperaldosteronism – more Na^+ what happens to extracellular fluid
ans : hypertonic and hypervolemic
19. Giving one an isotonic solution happens to intracellular fluid
ans : isotonic and normovolemic
20. Drinking more water what happens to intracellular fluid
ans : hypotonic and hypervolemic
21. The most thing associated with negative feedback
ans: the temperature decrease the heater turn on

22. A question about the blood sugar and insulin
ans : negative feedback
23. The two systems related to control of the other systems
ans: nervous and endocrine systems
24. Plateau of the cardiac muscle is mainly due to
ans: increased conductance of Ca^{++}
25. The substance that related mainly to osmolality in the cell is
ans: potassium
26. The difference between Facilitated diffusion and simple diffusion
is
ans: it has a transport maximum
27. Water movement by osmosis between fluid by
ans: free water concentration
28. Something about putting red blood cells in 100mM of $CaCl_2$the
solution is and what happens to the cell
ans: isotonic... no change in the cell

29. There is no tetanus in the heart because
ans: long absolute refractory period
30. A hormone is mainly unbound to plasma proteins
ans: ADH
31. What happens when we increase the binding of hormone to plasma proteins
ans: increase the plasma storage for fast replenishment of free hormone
32. Which hormones activates tyrosine kinase linked receptors
ans: insulin
33. Which hormones is similar to dopamine
ans: norepinephrine
34. Which hormone is an example of neuroendocrine secretion
ans: ADH
35. An easy question about an examples of second messenger except
ans: adenylate cyclase

36. Something about the affinity of ligand to a receptor except
ans: the higher the affinity, the more ligand concentration
37. Something related to epinephrine signal transduction except
ans: tyrosine kinase linked receptor
38. Leptin hormone related to
ans: TRK/JAK/STAT
39. Everything is necessary for thyroid hormone signaling except
ans :c-AMP / protine kinase A
40. You made up a drug that bind to G protein coupled receptor (GPCR) and increase c-AMP ; what method should we use in this drug
Ans : cuases irreversible binding of GDP to α s subunits